The *UNIVERSAL SPE*
AND
WEEKLY JOUR

By **Henry Stonecaſtle**, of *Lincoln's-Inn*

SATURDAY, June 22, 174

From my own CHAMBERS.

Am this Week to pay my Acknowledgments to ſeveral Correſpondents, who have enabled me to furniſh out a *poetical Miſcellany* of a different Kind from that a Fortnight ago. Mr. EUSEBIUS knows that *Variety* is the Life of a Paper calculated for Entertainment, and therefore will excuſe my poſtponing the reſt of his *Brother's Remains* to another Opportunity.

Of the *Pieces* that follow I have little to ſay. The *firſt*, I dare be confident, will ſufficiently recommend itſelf.

For the Publication of the *ſecond*, I have been theſe two Months indebted; it being the *Author's own Tranſlation* of his *Latin* Ode in the *Spectator* of *April* 20, which I was in hopes of ſeeing attempted by ſome of my young Readers. He will excuſe me for telling him, that I could have wiſh'd there had been a little more *Harmony* and *Eaſe* both in the Original and the Verſion, and that I do not much approve of the *pious Zeal* he ſo ardently recommends for *leading Folks to Slaughter*. I have taken the Liberty to make a few Alterations.

The *Latin* Verſes are an Alluſion to Mr. PRIOR's Epitaph on *ſaunt'ring* JACK and *idle* JOAN, and I have my Correſpondent's Word that they were never before printed. Whether or no they will be thought *worth it* now, I ſhall not take upon me to determine: But leſt they ſhould not, I have added Mr. PRIOR's Original to fill up the *Sheaf*, which nobody will grudge to *read again*, tho' they may have been pleaſed with it before ever ſo often. I fancy it may be applied to more than one Couple.

On his Excellency the Earl of Cheſterfield's *being appointed Lord Lieutenant of* Ireland.

ODE. *By Mr.* Chamberlen.

I.

HAIL! bleſt *Ierne!* happy State!
See *Cheſterfield*, the Good, and Great,
Upon thy Coaſts appear;
Replete with Pity, and with Love,
He comes thy Sorrows to remove,
And dry up ev'ry Tear.

II.

Grac'd with each Virtue of the Mind,
The Darling He of all Mankind,
As *Titus* was of yore;
Above each mercenary End,
No Villain will, 'cauſe rich, befriend,
Nor Merit ſcorn, 'cauſe poor.

III.

Endow'd with vaſt Benevolence,
With Joy all Bleſſings he'll diſpenſe,
Diffuſive as the Sun;
Like that too, all Benignity,
Of doing Good ne'er weary He,
Until his Courſe be run.

IV.

But griev'd, the Sword if forc'd to draw,
The wretched Profligate to awe,
And injur'd to redreſs;
With Mercy, Juſtice ſtill will blend,
Will chaſtiſe, only to amend,
And puniſh, but to bleſs.

V.

The worthy Subſtitute of Jove,
No corrupt Scheme will he approve,
Nor no Oppreſſor ſkreen;
Virtue's unalterable Friend,
Her Cauſe he ever will defend,
Firm, ſteady, and ſerene.

VI.

Affable, eaſy of Acceſs,
Still ſympathing with Diſtreſs,
And hating to deceive;
He'll not put off with vain Delay,
Nor diſcontented ſend away,
The Wretch he can relieve.

VII.

If Woes there be paſt all Relief,
'Twill fill him with unfeigned Grief;
His truly noble Breaſt
Would wiſh t' alleviate ev'ry Ill,
And, were his Power as his Will,
No one would be unbleſs'd.

VIII.

Rejoice, then, ye *Hiberuian* Swains,
And quick prepare your choiceſt Strains,
To welcome him aſhore,
Who comes *Saturnian* Times to bring,
With Joy to make all Places ring,
And Happineſs reſtore.

IX.

Were *Swift* but now, as Years ago,
How would his grateful Heart o'erflow,
This op'ning Scene to ſee!
How would the *Draper's* Patriot Breaſt
Exult, to ſee his Country bleſt,
O *Cheſterfield*, in Thee!

X.

How would they each their Efforts join,
And invoke all the *tuneful Nine*,
Thy Worth to celebrate!
'Till the whole Iſle ſhould ſound thy Fame,
And Babes ſhould learn to liſp the Name
Of *Stanhope*, Good, and Great!

XI.

Ah! were it but my happy Fate,
On him t' attend at any Rate,
How bleſt would be my Lot!
To ſee, to ſhare, thoſe bliſsful Days,
When all are fill'd with Thanks and Praiſe,
And Care is quite forgot.

To the famous Baronet W. W. W. *in Blood and Soul a* Briton *and a* Chriſtian.

THOU *ſteady* blazing Star of *hilly* Coaſt,
Which juſt and warlike *antient Britons* boaſt,
By Name of *honour'd* WAT thy COUNTRY's Toaſt,
and *faithful* FRIEND!

What Grief and Rage alternate ſeiz'd thy Mind,
Fraught with the Love of *Virtue* and *Mankind*,
To ſee us *flees'd* and *trick'd* by *St—ſtr—n* blind!
unhappy Swains!

How *nobly* doſt thou ſcorn the *Purſe* of Wealth,
Purchas'd by Country's *Freedom*, or by *Stealth*,
And *Titles* not ſo *noble* as Mind's *Health!*
heroick Soul!

All *faithleſs* Friends, turn'd Country's *Foes*, diſown;
Unkennel *Foxes* earth'd behind the *Th—ne*;
Or in their Privilege who *truſt* alone,
Betraying LAW.

Sweet FAITH and RULE of Church eſtabliſh'd keep!
Make each *Apoſtate* proud by *Penance* weep!
And wake her *Sons*, who live as if *aſleep*,
to watch her *Foes!*

Make *Temples* more than *Playhouſes* diffuſe,
That crouded *Pits* may change to crouded *Pews*;
And *Coſts* of OP'RA *Scenes* our *Altars* uſe,
Rev'rence to raiſe.

Their *faithful* Prieſts ſtill honour; and provide
Them *Stipends*, but to *live*; not pamper *Pride*:
And *Wolves* which eat their *Bread* to Slaughter guide,
with pious *Zeal!*

as PATRIOT ought!

Let Worms of *Earth*, and Moles of *State* go raiſe
Their *Heaps* of Dirt. Thy *Thought*, thy *Care* eſſays
To merit well thy GOD's and *Country's* Praiſe,
Good W——MS W—N!

To ſum the Whole: Thy GOD thy *Soul* poſſeſs!
And let his *Influence* thee *guide* and *bleſs!*
Thy *great* Eſtates thou ſhalt enjoy no *leſs*,
Dartford, March 25, whilſt HE is *by!*
1745. C. C. V. D.

Spoken by Mr. H——Y V—LL—RS, at the ELECTION at *Weſtminſter*, 1719.

DAN PRIOR *ut cecinit* JOANNES *atque* JOANNA,
Ingenio modico, ſimplicitate pari!
Felix Sponſa Viro, felix Uxore Maritus,
Canat uterque ſimul, dormit uterque ſimul.
Non ſpecioſa nimis, non eſt nimis arcta Supellex;
Nec locuples, nec egens, ille vel illa fuit:
Mollia ſecuræ peragebant otia Vitæ,
Seu Res ſuccedat publica, ſive cadat.
Par nimium felix! tranquillæ gaudia Vitæ
Non habuit Cæſar talia, nullus habet.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Vienna, June 12. General Feſtititz's Son arriv'd here the 8th Inſtant from the Army in Sileſia, with an ample Account of the Battle fought the 4th near Friedberg; but it is not yet made publick. Prince Charles's Adjutant-General alſo arriv'd here the 10th, and was follow'd yeſterday by the Courier Zuiner: Their Diſpatches are kept ſecret; ſo that we know nothing of this Affair but by private Advices, which all agree that our Army was oblig'd to quit the Field of Battle; but that it retir'd, however, in good Order.

Our Advices from the Upper Sileſia are a little more favourable: Count Staremberg arriv'd here from thence the 9th Inſtant, with the News that the Hungarian Inſurgents having advanced up to the Suburbs of Neiſs, ſet Fire to the great Magazines of Wood, &c. that another Detachment of the ſame Troops had ſeiz'd upon the Town of Oppelen on the Oder, and made the Garriſon Priſoners of War, and likewiſe carry'd off 14 Pieces of Cannon, &c.

The reſt of the Grand Duke's heavy Baggage was ſent away the 10th Inſtant; but his Royal Highneſs will not ſet out 'till he is inform'd of the Junction of Count Traun's and Count Bathiani's Armies.

Yeſterday an Adjutant arriv'd here with the following Particulars of the late Action between the Allied Army the next Day to Janſdorff, and the 7th to Coſſelitz in Bohemia, from whence it is come to Jaromitz on the Elb, above Konigſgratz, where the Auſtrians have their largeſt Magazines. The Army is ſtill 70,000 ſtrong.

From the Head Quarters of Prince Charles's Army at Neuſtadt in Bohemia, June 13, 1745.

'The Day before Yeſterday his Highneſs went to the 'Duke de Saxe Weiſſenfels's Quarters, in order to take 'Meaſures for preventing the Pruſſians from penetrating 'farther into Bohemia. In Conſequence of this Con'ference, a Motion was made on the Right, by which 'the Auſtrians paſſing the Elbe, advanc'd into the 'Neighbourhood of this Town; and the Army is now 'poſted in ſuch a Manner, as to cover all behind it, 'and put it out of the Power of the Enemy to harraſs 'the Country, 'till ſuch Time, as by the coming up of 'Reinforcements, we are in a Condition to oblige them 'to repaſs the Defiles, and return into Sileſia.

From the King of Pruſſia's Head Quarters at Brunnau in Bohemia, June 14, 1745.

'The Generals Dumoulin and Winterfield, with a 'great Corps of Horſe and Dragoons under their Com'mand, charg'd the Auſtrians in their Retreat on the '6th, broke ſeveral Corps, and carried off ſome Field'Pieces. The ſame Day *Te Deum* was ſung in the Camp 'at Landſhut. On the 7th the King began to march 'with his Army towards Bohemia; by the 10th we 'got thro' all the Defiles; and from that Time to this, 'our Army is got entirely into the Territories of Bohe'mia, excepting only a great Corps of Horſe and Foot 'left at Neiſs, in order to oblige the Inſurgents to aban'don Sileſia. Lieutenant-General Dumoulin, with our 'Van-Guard, is in full march for the Elbe, and the 'whole Army will follow him with all imaginable 'Diligence. The King has honour'd the General laſt 'mention'd, with the Order of the Black Eagle: And 'this Morning an Expreſs was diſpatch'd to Field'Marſhal Count Schmettau, who is actually at Berlin, 'with Orders to take upon him the Command of the 'Troops at Magdebourg, and to open the Campaign 'on the Side of Saxony with the utmoſt Vigour, and 'without the leaſt Delay. The Saxon Miniſters have, 'by Order of the King, retired out of his Dominions.'

Bonn, June 14. His Highneſs the Elector of Cologne has ſent M. de Francken-Sierſtoff as his Embaſſador at the Dyet of Election; and alſo the Baron de Roll, his Maſter of the Horſe, to Vienna, as well to declare, on his Part, that he acknowledges the Validity of the Vote of Bohemia in the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, as to offer his own Vote to the Great Duke of Tuſcany, for chuſing him High Emperor. His Electoral Highneſs has likewiſe ordered his Miniſters at London and the Hague to communicate the above Reſolution to the reſpective Miniſters of each Court; and to repeat his Aſſurances of his conſtant Intention to act in perfect Concert with them for the Good of the Common Cauſe.

Dreſden, June 16. The Pruſſians have demanded 400,000 Florins of the Circle of Konigingratz. The Troops in and near Magdebourg are not encamp'd.

Francfort, June 20. The Prince of Conti's Army now encamps on the Right and Left of the Mayn, the Town of Aſchaffenburgh being in a manner the Center. Hence it is thought his Serene Highneſs ſtill perſiſts in the Deſign to prevent the Junction of Count Traun's and General Bathiani's Armies. Count Traun is ſtill in the ſame Poſition, between Wertheim and Miltenbourg.

General Bathiani's Army, which encamp'd between Gieſen and Wetzlar, on the Lahne, reſum'd its March the 18th Inſtant: The Van-Guard arriv'd Yeſterday at Laubach in the County of Solms, on the Confines of the Landgraviate of Heſſe, within three Leagues of Gieſſen: The whole Army is to be there this Day.

Genoa, May 29. A Fray happen'd lately near the City of Nice, between a Regiment of Spaniards and a Battalion of French: The Occaſion was, a French Officer being found murder'd near the Place where ſome Spaniſh Officers were quarter'd, the French ſeiz'd the Standards of the Spaniſh Regiment, which brought on a Skirmiſh, wherein ſeveral were kill'd and wounded on both Sides.

Genoa, June 10. The 6th Inſtant General Gage began his March with his whole Army, and the next Day fix'd his Head Quarters at Ponte Decimo, in the Valley of Polſevera. A great many Mules are arriv'd here, laden with Proviſions for the Spaniards.

Nice, June 5. The Infant Don Philip enter'd the Territory of Genoa the 3d Inſtant, and 'tis reckon'd he will join Count Gage's Army in ten or twelve Days. The French Troops arrive ſucceſſively in this County, and will be all aſſembled by the 9th Inſtant. Some Regiments of them are gone to ſeize upon Savorgia, on the Side of Tendo. The French have ten or twelve Battalions in the Valley of Barcelonetta, in order to make a Diverſion on that Side.

Bologna, June 8. Prince Lobkowitz's Army has decamp'd from the Neighbourhood of Fiorenzuola, and march'd for Voghera in the Territory of Pavia, that it may be at hand to enter the Tortoneze. The King of Sardinia has form'd a Camp of 12,000 Foot and 2000 Horſe at Rivalta, between Alexandria and Tortona, in order to ſhut the Paſſage on the Side of Novi. His Majeſty has likewiſe caus'd all the Trees to be fell'd, and all the Corn to be cut down in that Part of the Country, that the Enemy may be depriv'd of ſo much Subſiſtence.

From the Camp of the Allies near Leſſines, June 20.

The Army is ſtill preparing for a March. The 18th Inſtant the Engliſh and Hanoverian Troops were reviewed by his Royal Highneſs the Duke.

Bruſſels, June 21. The Pandoures, and other Light Troops of France, continue their Incurſions even as far as the Gates of Bruges, Ghent and Oſtend, and ſtop all the Boats, out of which they have already taken ſeveral Engliſh Officers. We hear from the Frontiers that the French Army will be ſpeedily reinforced by a Body of Troops actually marching from the Heart of the Kingdom.

Some Deputies are arriv'd here to inform the Government, that the French have demanded 300,000 Rations of Forage of the Territory of Bruges, to be furniſh'd within eight Days, upon Pain of Military Execution, and to deſire Inſtructions upon this Subject.

Hague, June 23. Baron Reiſchach, the Hungarian Miniſter, had a Conference Yeſterday with the Preſident of the Aſſembly of the States-General, and 'tis ſaid his Excellency declar'd to him, that what has happen'd in Sileſia ſhall no way alter the intended Operations of the Queen's Armies in the Empire and in Italy, becauſe Prince Charles's Army will be ſpeedily reinforc'd by 10 Battalions of Regular Troops, and 8000 Irregular Troops.

Hague, June 24. The Garriſon of the Citadel of Tournay capitulated the 20th Inſtant, and are to march out with the Honours of War, all their Baggage, with four Pieces of Cannon and two Mortars: They are to be eſcorted to Courtray, and from thence to Ghent; but it is ſtipulated that they ſhall not bear Arms againſt France for 18 Months to come. This Garriſon, which conſiſted of 9000 Men, is now reduced to 5300. As ſoon as the Capitulation was ſign'd the French took Poſſeſſion of the Barrier of the Citadel, and 'tis pretended that the King immediately detach'd 20,000 Men to inveſt Namure.

IRELAND.

Dublin, June 8. On Friday laſt the Dublin Privateer, Capt. Peter Eaton Commander, brought into Kinſale a French Prize, which ſhe took on the 25th of May laſt in the Bay of Biſcay. She is an Engliſh Veſſel, taken ſome Time ago by the French, and is now call'd the Mary Dolphin Snow, 120 Tons Burthen, Peter Dalhue Maſter, from Martinico to Bourdeaux. Her Cargo conſiſts of 206 Caſks of Sugar, 91 Caſks of Coffee, one Bag of Cotton, and 2500 lb. Weight of Caſſia; and ſome of the Hands ſay there is a good deal of Money on board.——She came out under Convoy of four Men of War, with ſeveral other Merchant Ships, whom ſhe ſeparated from a few Days before ſhe was taken. They have found ſeveral Letters on board, giving an Account of the deplorable Condition the Iſland of Martinico was in for want of Proviſions, &c. and of the Fire that lately happen'd there, with this additional Circumſtance, that during their Confuſion ſome Engliſh Privateers landed their Men, and knock'd down 16 of their beſt Houſes, and did them other Damages; and that they were afraid their Slaves would riſe up againſt them, being ſpirited up, as they ſay, by the Engliſh.

On Tueſday Night, between 11 and 12 o'Clock, a terrible Fire broke out in the Houſe of Mr. Henry Davis, a Perriwigmaker in Chriſt-Church-Yard, which in leſs than two Hours conſumed two Houſes; but by the Vigilance of the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs, it was prevented from ſpreading any farther.

Dublin, June 11. On Thurſday laſt died at Clogher, in the 85th Year of his Age, the Right Rev. Dr. John Sterne, Lord Biſhop of Clogher: He was promoted to the See of Dromore the 1ſt of May, 1713, (upon the Deanery of St. Patrick's, in which he was ſucceeded by the Rev. Dr. Jonathan Swift) and was tranſlated to the Biſhoprick of Clogher, March 30, 1717. His Lordſhip, at his own Expence, built our University Printing-Houſe, hath bequeathed all his Books to that publick Library, of which they have not Copies already, and

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enry Stonecaſtle, of Lincoln's-Inn,
ATURDAY, June 29, 1745

in his Life-time gave moſt of the Legacies, which he had left by Will, to many of his Relations and Friends: The Deanery Houſe of St. Patrick's, the Palaces of Dromore and Clogher, and the Cathedral of the latter (as well as the Univerſity Printing-Houſe) are laſting Monuments of his Munificence and publick Spirit. We hear his Lordſhip has left the Bulk of his Fortune, amounting to 30,000 l. to Charities for the publick Uſe. His Death is a univerſal Loſs to this Nation, as he was a polite Gentleman, very affable and entertaining, and a true Lover of his Country.

LONDON.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint William Popple, Eſq; to be Governor of Bermudas, &c. in the room of Allured Popple, Eſq; his Brother, deceas'd.

Solomon Dayrolles, Eſq; who was Secretary to the Right Hon. the Earl of Cheſterfield in Holland, is appointed one of the Secretaries to his Lordſhip as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Tueſday the Lords of the Regency met at the Cockpit, Whitehall, when their Lordſhips order'd that the Parliament, which ſtood prorogu'd 'till laſt Thurſday, ſhould be further prorogu'd to Thurſday the 22d of Auguſt next.

The Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Weymouth, Chief Ranger of St. James's and Hyde Parks, has appointed Charles Churchill, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Stockbridge in Hampſhire, to be Deputy Ranger of the ſaid Parks, in the room of General Churchill, deceas'd.

Monday the Rev. Dr. Tomard was married to Mrs. Dives, an agreeable young Lady, much eſteem'd for her ſingular Merits and good Qualities. They ſet out the next Morning from her Lodgings at St. James's to his Living at Belſond.

Laſt Week died, at his Seat in the County of Hereford, Robert Clayton, Eſq; Receiver-General of the Land-Tax for that County. The Place is in the Gift of the Lords of the Treaſury.

Thurſday ſe'nnight died, at Flower in Northamptonſhire, the Rev. Mr. Edward Ivie, M. A. and Vicar of that Pariſh. He enjoy'd the Living many Years, was a conſtant Reſident, and ſpent the whole Income of his Living amongſt his Pariſhioners, who, by his Death have receiv'd an irreparable Loſs: His Living, worth near 200 l. per Annum, is in the Gift of Chriſt-Church College, Oxford.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight Mr. Weaver, an eminent Apothecary in Gracechurch-Street, was found dead in the Fields near Stoke-Newington, it's ſuppoſed he died of an Apoplectick Fit.

On Sunday laſt died at his Seat at Gatton in Surrey, of a Mortification in his Foot, Charles Docminique, Eſq; Member of Parliament for the ſaid Borough.

Tueſday was held a General Court of the South-Sea Company, when the Affair of Thomas Shuttleworth, their late Clerk, who has defrauded the Company of very large Sums of Money, was taken into Conſideration, and the Court agreed that the Company ſhould ſtand to the Loſs of the ſaid Sums, and that for the future none of the Company's Clerks ſhall act as Brokers in the Stocks of that Company.

Tueſday the Judges met and choſe their reſpective Circuits for the Summer Aſſizes, viz.

Home Circuit.	*Norfolk Circuit.*
Lord Chief Juſtice Lee,	Mr. Juſtice Wright,
Mr. Juſtice Burnet.	Mr. Baron Reynolds.
Oxford Circuit.	*Weſtern Circuit.*
Lord Chief Juſtice Willes,	Mr. Baron Clarke,
Mr. Juſtice Abney.	Mr. Juſtice Forſter,
Midland Circuit.	*Northern Circuit.*
Lord Chief Baron Parker,	Mr. Baron Clive,
Mr. Juſtice Denniſon.	Mr. Serjeant Birch.

The Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor has preſented the Rev. Mr. John Stephenſon to the Vicarage of Renton, in the County of Stafford and Dioceſe of Litchfield and Coventry.

The Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor has preſented the Rev. Richard Bentley, M. A. to the Rectory of Nelſton, alias Nayleſton, in the County of Leiceſter and Dioceſe of Lincoln.

His Lordſhip has likewiſe preſented the Rev. Thomas Billis, M. A. to the Rectory of Ravenſtone, in the County of Derby and Dioceſe of Litchfield and Coventry.

The Rev. John Jackſon, B. A. is by his Lordſhip preſented to the Vicarage of Potton in the County of Bedford.

ur Conduct: This was here manifeſtly the Caſe, tho' believe every one of the *Guilty* did actually deſign *mendment.*—At laſt, happening one Night to ſit near *greateſt Sinner* and moſt *frequent Penitent*, and perceiv- him to *lapſe* ſeveral Times tho' his Monitor was his Elbow, WILL, ſaid I, *take it for a Warning, I ill uſe no more Words about the Matter, but the next Oath I ar from you, expect a Hard* Pinch *upon your Arm.* WILL quieſc'd in the Condition, and for ſome Time went in only *plain Language.*

But in about half an Hour, having advanced ſome- ing that was not admitted, and meeting with pretty arm *Oppoſition*, my Friend's Circumſpection left him, d he began to *rap* it again in the uſual Strain. I had a *riſe* or two myſelf for *griping* his Arm, before he re- flected his Crime; and as I *pinch'd* ſtill harder the ore he offended, a Slap in the Face was juſt ready to llow: But the next right-hand Man ſtop'd the Blow, d told him the *Juſtice* of his Puniſhment.—WILL, o' very paſſionate, is a right good-natur'd Fellow, and n no more bear to *give* than to *receive* an Injury: e immediately *return'd Thanks* to the Gentleman who d reſtrain'd his Raſhneſs

They write from Swanage in Purbeck, that on Monday the 27th paſt, the famous French Privateer the Grand Turk, taken the Day before by his Majeſty's Ship the Captain, having only a Lieutenant and ſixteen Seamen on board, beſides nine Priſoners, was on her Paſſage to Spithead attack'd by a French Dogger, ſuppos'd the ſame which took the Mediator-Sloop, within Gun-Shot of Peverel-Point, whereon the Inhabitants of Swanage have lately erected a regular Fort for the Defence of their Trade: The young Stone-Cutters, taking the Alarm, muſter'd immediately at the ſaid Fort, and rung them ſuch a Peal with their Nine-Pounders, as ſoon made them quit their hop'd-for Conqueſt.

A French Ship from Bourdeaux for San Domingo, and a Scotch Ship, from Leith for Carolina, that had been taken by her, are both carried into St. Kitt's by the Dreadnought and Pearl Privateers.

A French Guinea Ship, with 360 Negroes, Elephants Teeth, &c. is taken and carried into St. Kitt's by the Elizabeth Privateer.

The Fox and Swift Privateers have brought into the Downs the St. Peter of Flenſbourg, laden with Brandy, bound from Rochel to Dunkirk.

The Samuel and Hannah, of Pool, Brenton, Maſter, bound for Newfoundland, was taken by a Spaniſh Privateer belonging to Bilboa, of four Carriage Guns and 65 Men; but has been retaken by the Southwell, Capt. Purnell, in Lat. 46. 17. and on Tueſday laſt ſhe arriv'd at Pool.

The Hampſhire, Connor, from Maryland for London, who was taken by ſome French Ships, is retaken by the Dublin Privateer and ſent into Falmouth.

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From on board the Fowey Man of War at Spithead, June 15.

'On Wedneſday laſt we chaced a large Ship, who at 'Three in the Afternoon anchor'd at the Eaſt End of 'Fecamp (a Place near Breſt) under a Fort of 12 Guns, 'viz. ſix 36 Pounders, and ſix 42 Pounders. Our Captain reſolv'd to ſtand in, and at Four o'Clock came to 'an Anchor within Half a Muſket-Shot of the Ship, 'which, with the Fort, kept firing at us very warmly; 'but no ſooner did we begin to fire, but the Crew of 'the Ship thought of ſlipping and getting off; and 'accordingly they cut, and we did the ſame. They 'ſtood cloſe along Shore, and we after them, 'till they 'run aſhore about two Miles to the Eaſtward of Fe'camp, where we fir'd ſeveral Broadſides at her, and 'mann'd our Boats with about 70 Men well arm'd, 'and boarded her. The Shore was lin'd with People, 'who fir'd at us with Small-Arms as ſoon as we got 'near the Ship; but the Moment we boarded her the 'Fire ceas'd, at the Entreaty of our Priſoners, who call'd 'to the People on Shore. We found it impoſſible to get 'the Ship off, as ſhe lay on a Bed of Rocks; and ſo be'gan to plunder, and to ſend the Priſoners on board the 'Fowey, and were preparing to deſtroy her, according 'to our Captain's Orders: But ſhe being bulg'd on the 'Rocks, and the Surf running high, ſoon made a 'Breach over her, and oblig'd us to leave her ſooner 'than we deſign'd, and to take to our Boats with all 'ſpeed, it being impoſſible for them to live along-ſide 'of her: The Falling of the Water, with an Ebb-'Tide, having made ſuch a Surf, that ſeveral of our 'People were forc'd to jump into the Sea to gain the 'Boats; our Maſter was one of them, and it was with 'great Difficulty they gain'd the Boats. We left eight 'of our Men, and ſeveral Frenchmen, on board. We 'ſtood off and on the whole Night, and in the Morn'ing found ſhe was beat to Pieces by the Sea, and we 'fear the Men have periſhed. Many of her Men were 'drown'd, endeavouring to get on Shore when ſhe firſt 'run a-ground. She proves to be the Griphon Privateer of St. Malo, of 26 Guns, beſides Swivels, and '250 Men, but had at this Time only 196 on board, '41 of whom we have now in our Ship, moſt of them 'being Officers. She had taken four Engliſh Prizes 'within this Month; the laſt of which is the Pri

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Vienna, June 12. General Festititz's Son arriv'd here the 8th Instant from the Army in Silesia, with an ample Account of the Battle fought the 4th near Friedberg; but it is not yet made publick. Prince Charles's Adjutant-General also arriv'd here the 10th, and was follow'd yesterday by the Courier Zuiner: Their Dispatches are kept secret; so that we know nothing of this Affair but by private Advices, which all agree that our Army was oblig'd to quit the Field of Battle; but that it retir'd, however, in good Order.

Our Advices from the Upper Silesia are a little more favourable: Count Staremberg arriv'd here from thence the 9th Instant, with the News that the Hungarian Insurgents having advanced up to the Suburbs of Neiss, set Fire to the great Magazines of Wood, &c. that another Detachment of the same Troops had seiz'd upon the Town of Oppelen on the Oder, and made the Garrison Prisoners of War, and likewise carry'd off 14 Pieces of Cannon, &c.

The rest of the Grand Duke's heavy Baggage was sent away the 10th Instant; but his Royal Highness will not set out 'till he is inform'd of the Junction of Count Traun's and Count Bathiani's Armies.

Yesterday an Adjutant arriv'd here with the following Particulars of the late Action between the Allied Army the next Day to Jansdorff, and the 7th to Cossellitz in Bohemia, from whence it is come to Jaromitz on the Elb, above Konigsgratz, where the Austrians have their largest Magazines. The Army is still 70,000 strong.

From the Head Quarters of Prince Charles's Army at Neustadt in Bohemia, June 13, 1745.

'The Day before Yesterday his Highness went to the 'Duke de Saxe Weissenfels's Quarters, in order to take 'Measures for preventing the Prussians from penetrating 'farther into Bohemia. In Consequence of this Con'ference, a Motion was made on the Right, by which 'the Austrians passing the Elbe, advanc'd into the 'Neighbourhood of this Town; and the Army is now 'posted in such a Manner, as to cover all behind it, 'and put it out of the Power of the Enemy to harrass 'the Country, 'till such Time, as by the coming up of 'Reinforcements, we are in a Condition to oblige them 'to repass the Defiles, and return into Silesia.

From the King of Prussia's Head Quarters at Braunau in Bohemia, June 14, 1745.

'The Generals Dumoulin and Winterfield, with a 'great Corps of Horse and Dragoons under their Com'mand, charg'd the Austrians in their Retreat on the '6th, broke several Corps, and carried off some Field'Pieces. The same Day *Te Deum* was sung in the Camp 'at Landshut. On the 7th the King began to march 'with his Army towards Bohemia; by the 10th we 'got thro' all the Defiles; and from that Time to this, 'our Army is got entirely into the Territories of Bohe'mia, excepting only a great Corps of Horse and Foot 'left at Neiss, in order to oblige the Insurgents to aban'don Silesia. Lieutenant-General Dumoulin, with our 'Van-Guard, is in full march for the Elbe, and the 'whole Army will follow him with all imaginable 'Diligence. The King has honour'd the General last 'mention'd, with the Order of the Black Eagle: And 'this Morning an Express was dispatch'd to Field-'Marshal Count Schmettau, who is actually at Berlin, 'with Orders to take upon him the Command of the 'Troops at Magdebourg, and to open the Campaign 'on the Side of Saxony with the utmost Vigour, and 'without the least Delay. The Saxon Ministers have, 'by Order of the King, retired out of his Dominions.'

Bonn, June 14. His Highness the Elector of Cologne has sent M. de Francken-Sierstoff as his Embassador at the Dyet of Election; and also the Baron de Roll, his Master of the Horse, to Vienna, as well to declare, on his Part, that he acknowledges the Validity of the Vote of Bohemia in the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, as to offer his own Vote to the Great Duke of Tuscany, for chusing him High Emperor. His Electoral Highness has likewise ordered his Ministers at London and the Hague to communicate the above Resolution to the respective Ministers of each Court; and to repeat his Assurances of his constant Intention to act in perfect Concert with them for the Good of the Common Cause.

Dresden, June 16. The Prussians have demanded 400,000 Florins of the Circle of Konigingratz. The Troops in and near Magdebourg are not encamp'd.

Francfort, June 20. The Prince of Conti's Army now encamps on the Right and Left of the Mayn, the Town of Aschaffenburgh being in a manner the Center. Hence it is thought his Serene Highness still persists in the Design to prevent the Junction of Count Traun's and General Bathiani's Armies. Count Traun is still in the same Position, between Wertheim and Miltenbourg.

General Bathiani's Army, which encamp'd between Giesen and Wetzlar, on the Lahne, resum'd its March the 18th Instant: The Van-Guard arriv'd Yesterday at Laubach in the County of Solms, on the Confines of the Landgraviate of Hesse, within three Leagues of Giessen: The whole Army is to be there this Day.

Genoa, May 29. A Fray happen'd lately near the City of Nice, between a Regiment of Spaniards and a Battalion of French: The Occasion was, a French Officer being found murder'd near the Place where some Spanish Officers were quarter'd, the French seiz'd the Standards of the Spanish Regiment, which brought on a Skirmish, wherein several were kill'd and wounded on both Sides.

Genoa, June 10. The 6th Instant General Gage began his March with his whole Army, and the next Day fix'd his Head Quarters at Ponte Decimo, in the Valley of Polsevera. A great many Mules are arriv'd here, laden with Provisions for the Spaniards.

Nice, June 5. The Infant Don Philip enter'd the Territory of Genoa the 3d Instant, and 'tis reckon'd he will join Count Gage's Army in ten or twelve Days. The French Troops arrive successively in this County, and will be all assembled by the 9th Instant. Some Regiments of them are gone to seize upon Savorgia, on the Side of Tendo. The French have ten or twelve Battalions in the Valley of Barcelonetta, in order to make a Diversion on that Side.

Bologna, June 8. Prince Lobkowitz's Army has decamp'd from the Neighbourhood of Fiorenzuola, and march'd for Voghera in the Territory of Pavia, that it may be at hand to enter the Tortoneze. The King of Sardinia has form'd a Camp of 12,000 Foot and 2000 Horse at Rivalta, between Alexandria and Tortona, in order to shut the Passage on the Side of Novi. His Majesty has likewise caus'd all the Trees to be fell'd, and all the Corn to be cut down in that Part of the Country, that the Enemy may be depriv'd of so much Subsistence.

From the Camp of the Allies near Lessines, June 20.

The Army is still preparing for a March. The 18th Instant the English and Hanoverian Troops were reviewed by his Royal Highness the Duke.

Brussels, June 21. The Pandoures, and other Light Troops of France, continue their Incursions even as far as the Gates of Bruges, Ghent and Ostend, and stop all the Boats, out of which they have already taken several English Officers. We hear from the Frontiers that the French Army will be speedily reinforced by a Body of Troops actually marching from the Heart of the Kingdom.

Some Deputies are arriv'd here to inform the Government, that the French have demanded 300,000 Rations of Forage of the Territory of Bruges, to be furnish'd within eight Days, upon Pain of Military Execution, and to desire Instructions upon this Subject.

Hague, June 23. Baron Reischach, the Hungarian Minister, had a Conference Yesterday with the President of the Assembly of the States-General, and 'tis said his Excellency declar'd to him, that what has happen'd in Silesia shall no way alter the intended Operations of the Queen's Armies in the Empire and in Italy, because Prince Charles's Army will be speedily reinforc'd by 10 Battalions of Regular Troops, and 8000 Irregular Troops.

Hague, June 24. The Garrison of the Citadel of Tournay capitulated the 20th Instant, and are to march out with the Honours of War, all their Baggage, with four Pieces of Cannon and two Mortars: They are to be escorted to Courtray, and from thence to Ghent; but it is stipulated that they shall not bear Arms against France for 18 Months to come. This Garrison, which consisted of 9000 Men, is now reduced to 5300. As soon as the Capitulation was sign'd the French took Possession of the Barrier of the Citadel, and 'tis pretended that the King immediately detach'd 20,000 Men to invest Namure.

IRELAND.

Dublin, June 8. On Friday last the Dublin Privateer, Capt. Peter Eaton Commander, brought into Kinsale a French Prize, which she took on the 25th of May last in the Bay of Biscay. She is an English Vessel, taken some Time ago by the French, and is now call'd the Mary Dolphin Snow, 120 Tons Burthen, Peter Dallue Master, from Martinico to Bourdeaux. Her Cargo consists of 206 Casks of Sugar, 91 Casks of Coffee, one Bag of Cotton, and 2500 lb. Weight of Cassia; and some of the Hands say there is a good deal of Money on board.——She came out under Convoy of four Men of War, with several other Merchant Ships, whom she separated from a few Days before she was taken. They have found several Letters on board, giving an Account of the deplorable Condition the Island of Martinico was in for want of Provisions, &c. and of the Fire that lately happen'd there, with this additional Circumstance, that during their Confusion some English Privateers landed their Men, and knock'd down 16 of their best Houses, and did them other Damages; and that they were afraid their Slaves would rise up against them, being spirited up, as they say, by the English.

On Tuesday Night, between 11 and 12 o'Clock, a terrible Fire broke out in the House of Mr. Henry Davis, a Perriwigmaker in Christ-Church-Yard, which in less than two Hours consumed two Houses; but by the Vigilance of the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs, it was prevented from spreading any farther.

Dublin, June 11. On Thursday last died at Clogher, in the 85th Year of his Age, the Right Rev. Dr. John Sterne, Lord Bishop of Clogher: He was promoted to the See of Dromore the 1st of May, 1713, (from the Deanery of St. Patrick's, in which he was succeeded by the Rev. Dr. Jonathan Swift) and was translated to the Bishoprick of Clogher, March 30, 1717. His Lordship, at his own Expence, built our University Printing-House, hath bequeathed all his Books to that publick Library, of which they have not Copies already, and

in his Life-time gave moſt of the Legacies, which he had left by Will, to many of his Relations and Friends: The Deanery Houſe of St. Patrick's, the Palaces of Dromore and Clogher, and the Cathedral of the latter (as well as the Univerſity Printing Houſe) are laſting Monuments of his Munificence and publick Spirit. We hear his Lordſhip has left the Bulk of his Fortune, amounting to 30,000 l. to Charities for the publick Uſe. His Death is a univerſal Loſs to this Nation, as he was a polite Gentleman, very affable and entertaining, and a true Lover of his Country.

LONDON.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint William Popple, Eſq; to be Governor of Bermudas, &c. in the room of Allured Popple, Eſq; his Brother, deceas'd.

Solomon Dayrolles, Eſq; who was Secretary to the Right Hon. the Earl of Cheſterfield in Holland, is appointed one of the Secretaries to his Lordſhip as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Tueſday the Lords of the Regency met at the Cockpit, Whitehall, when their Lordſhips order'd that the Parliament, which ſtood prorogu'd 'till laſt Thurſday, ſhould be further prorogu'd to Thurſday the 22d of Auguſt next.

The Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Weymouth, Chief Ranger of St. James's and Hyde Parks, has appointed Charles Churchill, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Stockbridge in Hampſhire, to be Deputy Ranger of the ſaid Parks, in the room of General Churchill, deceas'd.

Monday the Rev. Dr. Tomard was married to Mrs. Dives, an agreeable young Lady, much eſteem'd for her ſingular Merits and good Qualities. They ſet out the next Morning from her Lodgings at St. James's to his Living at Belfond.

Laſt Week died, at his Seat in the County of Hereford, Robert Clayton, Eſq; Receiver-General of the Land-Tax for that County. The Place is in the Gift of the Lords of the Treaſury.

Thurſday ſe'nnight died, at Flower in Northamptonſhire, the Rev. Mr. Edward Ivie, M. A. and Vicar of that Pariſh. He enjoy'd the Living many Years, was a conſtant Reſident, and ſpent the whole Income of his Living amongſt his Pariſhioners, who, by his Death have receiv'd an irreparable Loſs: His Living, worth near 200 l. per Annum, is in the Gift of Chriſt-Church College, Oxford.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight Mr. Weaver, an eminent Apothecary in Gracechurch-Street, was found dead in the Fields near Stoke-Newington, it's ſuppoſed he died of an Apoplectick Fit.

On Sunday laſt died at his Seat at Gatton in Surrey, of a Mortification in his Foot, Charles Docminiqſtre, Eſq; Member of Parliament for the ſaid Borough.

Tueſday was held a General Court of the South-Sea Company, when the Affair of Thomas Shuttleworth, their late Clerk, who has defrauded the Company of very large Sums of Money, was taken into Conſideration, and the Court agreed that the Company ſhould ſtand to the Loſs of the ſaid Sums, and that for the future none of the Company's Clerks ſhall act as Brokers in the Stocks of that Company.

Tueſday the Judges met and choſe their reſpective Circuits for the Summer Aſſizes, viz.

Home Circuit.	*Norfolk Circuit.*
Lord Chief Juſtice Lee,	Mr. Juſtice Wright,
Mr. Juſtice Burnet.	Mr. Baron Reynolds.
Oxford Circuit.	*Weſtern Circuit.*
Lord Chief Juſtice Willes,	Mr. Baron Clarke,
Mr. Juſtice Abney.	Mr. Juſtice Forſter,
Midland Circuit.	*Northern Circuit.*
Lord Chief Baron Parker,	Mr. Baron Clive,
Mr. Juſtice Denniſon.	Mr. Serjeant Birch.

The Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor has preſented the Rev. Mr. John Stephenſon to the Vicarage of Renton, in the County of Stafford and Dioceſe of Litchfield and Coventry.

The Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor has preſented the Rev. Richard Bentley, M. A. to the Rectory of Nelſton, alias Nayleſton, in the County of Leiceſter and Dioceſe of Lincoln.

His Lordſhip has likewiſe preſented the Rev. Thomas Billis, M. A. to the Rectory of Ravenſtone, in the County of Derby and Dioceſe of Litchfield and Coventry.

The Rev. John Jackſon, B. A. is by his Lordſhip preſented to the Vicarage of Potton in the County of Bedford.

They write from Swanage in Purbeck, that on Monday the 27th paſt, the famous French Privateer the Grand Turk, taken the Day before by his Majeſty's Ship the Captain, having only a Lieutenant and ſixteen Seamen on board, beſides nine Priſoners, was on her Paſſage to Spithead attack'd by a French Dogger, ſuppos'd the ſame which took the Mediator-Sloop, within Gun-Shot of Peverel-Point, whereon the Inhabitants of Swanage have lately erected a regular Fort for the Defence of their Trade: The young Stone-Cutters, taking the Alarm, muſter'd immediately at the ſaid Fort, and rung them ſuch a Peal with their Nine-Pounders, as ſoon made them quit their hop'd-for Conqueſt.

A French Ship from Bourdeaux for San Domingo, and a Scotch Ship, from Leith for Carolina, that had been taken by her, are both carried into St. Kitt's by the Dreadnought and Pearl Privateers.

A French Guinea Ship, with 360 Negroes, Elephants Teeth, &c. is taken and carried into St. Kitt's by the Elizabeth Privateer.

The Fox and Swift Privateers have brought into the Downs the St. Peter of Flenſbourg, laden with Brandy, bound from Rochel to Dunkirk.

The Samuel and Hannah, of Pool, Brenton, Maſter, bound for Newfoundland, was taken by a Spaniſh Privateer belonging to Bilboa, of four Carriage Guns and 65 Men; but has been retaken by the Southwell, Capt. Purnell, in Lat. 46. 17. and on Tueſday laſt ſhe arriv'd at Pool.

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'We are juſt arriv'd here, and have brought in with 'us a French Snow of 100 Tons, laden with Wine. 'A few Days ago, in Lat. 48 North, and Long. 7 'Weſt, we fell in with a French Man of War of '36 Guns, and engag'd her five Hours and 40 Minutes, 'Yard Arm and Yard Arm: At the ſecond Broadſide 'Capt. Brown was kill'd, after which we gave them '13 Broadſides, with a continual Diſcharge of our 'Small Arms, when ſhe thought fit to ſheer off, having, 'as we ſuppos'd, loſt ſeveral of her Hands: We had 'our Mizen Maſt ſhot away and two of our Men kill'd 'by the laſt Broadſide, 14 others are mortally wounded 'with Splinters and Small Shot, and our Rigging is 'all cut to Pieces, ſo that it will be ſome time before 'our Ship will be fit for Sea.

From on board the Fowey Man of War at Spithead, June 15.

'On Wedneſday laſt we chaced a large Ship, who at 'Three in the Afternoon anchor'd at the Eaſt End of 'Fecamp (a Place near Breſt) under a Fort of 12 Guns, 'viz. ſix 36 Pounders, and ſix 42 Pounders. Our Cap'tain reſolv'd to ſtand in, and at Four o'Clock came to 'an Anchor within Half a Mutket-Shot of the Ship, 'which, with the Fort, kept firing at us very warmly; 'but no ſooner did we begin to fire, but the Crew of 'the Ship thought of ſlipping and getting off; and 'accordingly they cut, and we did the ſame. They 'ſtood cloſe along Shore, and we after them, 'till they 'run aſhore about two Miles to the Eaſtward of Fe'camp, where we fir'd ſeveral Broadſides at her, and 'mann'd our Boats with about 70 Men well arm'd, 'and boarded her. The Shore was lin'd with People, 'who fir'd at us with Small-Arms as ſoon as we got 'near the Ship; but the Moment we boarded her the 'Fire ceas'd, at the Entreaty of our Priſoners, who call'd 'to the People on Shore. We found it impoſſible to get 'the Ship off, as ſhe lay on a Bed of Rocks; and ſo be'gan to plunder, and to ſend the Priſoners on board the 'Fowey, and were preparing to deſtroy her, according 'to our Captain's Orders: But ſhe being bulg'd on the 'Rocks, and the Surf running high, ſoon made a 'Breach over her, and oblig'd us to leave her ſooner 'than we deſign'd, and to take to our Boats with all 'ſpeed, it being impoſſible for them to live along-ſide 'of her: The Falling of the Water, with an Ebb-'Tide, having made ſuch a Surf, that ſeveral of our 'People were forc'd to jump into the Sea to gain the 'Boats; our Maſter was one of them, and it was with 'great Difficulty they gain'd the Boats. We left eight 'of our Men, and ſeveral Frenchmen, on board. We 'ſtood off and on the whole Night, and in the Morn'ing found ſhe was beat to Pieces by the Sea, and we 'fear the Men have periſhed. Many of her Men were 'drown'd, endeavouring to get on Shore when ſhe firſt 'run a-ground. She proves to be the Griphon Priva'teer of St. Malo, of 26 Guns, beſides Swivels, and '250 Men, but had at this Time only 196 on board, '41 of whom we have now in our Ship, moſt of them 'being Officers. She had taken four Engliſh Prize 'within this Month; the laſt of which is the Pri

of Orange for Gibraltar, which ſhe carried into Havre and ſail'd from thence laſt Monday.

Whitehall, June 15. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint George Beauclerk, Eſq; commonly call'd Lord George Beauclerk, William Herbert, Eſq; George Sackville, Eſq; commonly call'd Lord George Sackville, William Kerr, Eſq; commonly call'd Earl of Ancram, and Roger Townſhend, Eſq; to be Aids de Camp to his Majeſty, and to take Rank as Colonels of Foot. And

William Stanhope, Eſq; commonly call'd Lord Viſcount Peterſham, to be Captain and Colonel of his Majeſty's Second Troop of Horſe Grenadier Guards.

Whitehall, June 18. His Majeſty has been pleaſed to make the following Promotions in his Army, viz.

Lieutenants General. Joſhua Gueſt, Charles Otway, Phineas Bowles, Eſqrs. Lord Cadogan, Philip Anſtruther, John Folliott, Adam Williamſon, James St. Clair, Thomas Wentworth, Eſqrs. the Duke of Richmond, John Guiſe, Eſq; and the Earl of Albemarle.

Majors General. Edward Wolfe, Anthony Lowther, William Merrick, Eſqrs. the Earl of Crauford, George Churchill, Henry Skelton, John Johnſon, and John Wynyard, Eſqrs.

Brigadiers General. Thomas Bligh, Charles Armaud Powlett, Samuel Walter Whitſhed, William Douglas, John Jeffreys, Thomas Fowke, George Byng, James Fleming, Daniel Houghton, John Price, John Mordaunt, James Cholmondeley, Eſqrs. Lord Sempill, and Henry de Grangues, Eſq;

His Majeſty has likewiſe been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint George Bentinck, Eſq; commonly call'd Lord George Bentinck, to be Captain.

And Francis Hedeſley, Eſq; to be Captain Lieutenant in the Firſt Regiment of Foot Guards.

Edward Braddock, Eſq; to be firſt Major,

Maurice Bockland, Eſq; Second Major,

And Joſeph York, Eſq; Captain, in the Second Regiment of Foot-Guards.

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